

ST PETER'S HEALTH PARTNERS

A Member of Trinity Health

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A Member of Trinity Health

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Schools of Nursing | St. Peter's Health Partners

Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act

The St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing and the Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing collected data and prepared this report in order to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies responsible for surveillance of our main campus and surrounding areas. On, or before, October 1st of each year, an email is sent to all current students and employees notifying them of the existence, and location, of where to access and review the current Campus Security Report. A copy of this report is also sent via email and paper copies are distributed to students during the new student orientation process.

In accordance with recent updates to the Clery Act, data representing criminal activity are presented in this report. You may find this data at the US Department of Education web page at Campus Safety and Security. These data represent crime activity both on campus and on streets adjacent to campus property. Reported on campus offenses include offenses reported on campus property and in campus buildings. The total number of crimes committed on campus is reported under "On Campus Property". The other category presented in this chart is "Public Property" which includes thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks and parking facilities immediately adjacent to the campus. Not presented in this chart is "Non-Campus Property" which includes properties owned by student organizations officially recognized by the institution and those owned by the university outside the campus boundaries, because they are not applicable at the present time. Crime statistic reporting also includes arrests and disciplinary referral made to law enforcement or hospital authorities for alcohol, drugs, and weapons possession. In addition, Samaritan and St. Peter's Hospital schools of nursing are required to report hate/bias crimes or incidents in this report.

Crime on Campus

All members of the campus community are urged to promptly report criminal incidents, emergencies, and suspicious activity to the hospital security department and local law enforcement. The number to call in

the event of an emergency is 911 (9-911 hospital land line). 911 or 9-911 can be used to report all fire and police emergencies.

At the St. Peter's Hospital campus there is a blue light station attached to the security booth. This is a 'push and talk' to the security staff and has a blue light attached to it that will flash upon activation. In the employee/contractor lot across behind the 310 New Scotland Ave building there are two blue light activation stations (poles 8 & 10) and when pushed, send an alarm to security for them to respond (no talk feature) and they both have an attached blue light that will flash upon activation.

St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing is currently renting school space from Maria College. Maria College provides security for the College of Nursing from 0730-2100 daily and on some weekends (which are posted to the college and students). Maria Security can be contacted at: 518-376-0690. Maria Campus Security is located in Maria's Main Campus building. According to Maria's Security Report (2023, pg. 4), "All security guards must meet the training requirements of the State of New York Security Guard Act. The college employs an out-sourced security service whose primary objective is to encourage a safe and healthy experience that enhances the campus learning experience..." When St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing needs extra evening security coverage, we out-source to Maria's security personnel. Maria security works closely with the Albany Police Department to maintain safety on campus.

On the Samaritan campus, in the roadway near the Emergency Room, there is a blue light station attached to the pole. This is a push and talk to the on-duty operator (who will notify security) and has an attached blue light that will flash upon activation. In the employee lot (the 'cage') there are two blue light stations (attached to light poles). They are a 'push and talk' to the on-duty operator who will notify security. They also have a blue light attached to them that will flash upon activation. On the St. Mary's campus, there are blue light stations in the surface lot where the students are required to park.

The hospital security on the St. Mary's/Samaritan campus maintains crime statistic logs and the Maria College Security maintains a security log; of which are available to view upon request. A daily log of crimes and incidences that occur on campus are also accessible at the school of nursing main offices.

*Appendix A lists all College/School policies applicable to safety on campus

Conduct on Campus

Conduct of students, faculty, staff and visitors will promote maintenance of public order. Violence, interference with academic freedom or freedom of speech, theft, willful destruction of property, obstruction of normal functions of the school, obscene behaviors or harassment, or any other situation which recklessly or intentionally endanger the mental or physical health will not be tolerated. Appropriate disciplinary action will be taken as well as any other penalty pursuant to penal law. See Conduct on Campus Policy #709 located in the student services section in the Canvas LMS (Accessible to all students and employees of both St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing and Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing.

SPECIFIC INFORMATION ABOUT CLASSIFYING CRIME STATISTICS

The statistics in this report are published in accordance with the standards and guidelines used by the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook and the relevant federal law (the Clery Act). It is important to note that the crime classification definitions for which colleges and universities must provide statistics for the Clery Act differ from the state definitions. For example, the crime statistics reported under the Jeanne Clery Act include the following:

Criminal Offenses

- 1. Criminal Homicide. These offenses are separated into two categories: Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter, and Manslaughter by Negligence.
 - a. Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter is defined as the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. Count one offense per victim.
 - b. Manslaughter by Negligence is defined as the killing of another person through gross negligence. Count one offense per victim.
- 2. Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses). Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Include attempted Sexual Assaults, but do not include in your Clery Act statistics any Sexual Assaults other than the four types of Sexual Assaults described in this chapter.
 - a. Rape is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females. Count one offense per victim.
 - b. Fondling is the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity. Count one offense per victim. Fondling is recognized as an element of the other sex offenses. Therefore, count fondling only if it is the only sex offense.
 - c. Incest is sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law. Count one offense per victim.
 - d. Statutory Rape is sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. Count one offense per victim.
- 3. Robbery. Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or

control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear. In any instance of Robbery, count one offense for each distinct operation (i.e., incident), including attempts. Do not count the number of victims robbed, the number of those present at the Robbery or the number of offenders.

- 4. Aggravated Assault. Aggravated Assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Count one offense per victim. However, if a number of persons are involved in a dispute or disturbance, and the aggressors cannot be distinguished from the victims, count the number of persons assaulted as the number of offenses.
- 5. Burglary is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Count one offense per each distinct operation. It is imperative that institutions carefully evaluate the operative facts of each reported incident to determine if it fits into any subpart of this definition.
- 6. Motor Vehicle Theft. Motor Vehicle Theft is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. Count one offense for each stolen vehicle.
- 7. Arson. Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Count one offense for each distinct incident of Arson occurring on your Clery Act geography.

Hate/bias Crimes

The second category of statistics you must disclose after Criminal Offenses is Hate Crimes. A Hate Crime is a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim.

Although there are many possible categories of bias, under the Clery Act, only the following eight categories are reported:

- 1. Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics, e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc., genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, e.g., Asians, blacks or African Americans, whites.
- 2. Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.
- 3. Sexual Orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation. Sexual Orientation is the term for a person's physical, romantic, and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and/or opposite sex, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and heterosexual (straight) individuals.
- 4. Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on

their actual or perceived gender, e.g., male or female.

- 5. Gender Identity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals. Gender non-conforming describes a person who does not conform to the gender-based expectations of society, e.g., a woman dressed in traditionally male clothing or a man wearing makeup. A gender non-conforming person may or may not be a lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender person but may be perceived as such.
- 6. Ethnicity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term "race" in that "race" refers to a grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while "ethnicity" also encompasses additional cultural factors.
- 7. National Origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth. This bias may be against people that have a name or accent associated with a national origin group, participate in certain customs associated with a national origin group, or because they are married to or associate with people of a certain national origin.
- 8. Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

VAWA Offences

The third category of crime statistics you must disclose are those added to the Clery Act by the Violence Against Women Act. These are Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking. Sexual assault is included by the FBI as a Criminal Offense and is discussed in the Criminal Offense section earlier in this chapter. Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking are considered crimes for the purposes of Clery Act reporting and are defined and discussed in this section.

Dating Violence is defined as violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship

Domestic Violence is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed. To categorize an incident as Domestic Violence, the relationship between the perpetrator and the victim must be more than just two people living together as roommates. The people cohabitating must be current or former spouses or have an intimate relationship.

Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress

Drug and Alcohol/ Substance Abuse Prevention and Education

The use, possession, sale, or distribution of illegal drugs by students in the school or hospital setting, or during school functions is prohibited and will have sanctions imposed upon school participation. Use or possession of alcohol by a minor is prohibited. Student behavior which suggests the influence of drugs or alcohol will result in relief from class responsibilities and appropriate screening. We acknowledge that drug and alcohol abuse is an illness and will focus on support and rehabilitation.

Weapons on Campus

Firearms and dangerous weapons, including ammunition, fireworks, explosives or any lethal weapon, are not permitted on campus. Intentional use, possession, or sale of firearms or other dangerous weapons by anyone is strictly forbidden and is a violation of state and federal law as well as a violation of the student Code of Conduct in Student Manual.

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises that constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat either on or off campus, a campus-wide "timely warning" will be issued by the Director(s) of the nursing program. Immediate notification of the campus community will be made by these same procedures upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students and staff on campus. The warning will be issued to all students, faculty, and staff via a posting on MESA and via a message on Regroup.

Campus Emergency Drills

Drills are valuable learning tools that permit both campuses to test the disaster plans, identify improvement opportunities and amend the plan while allowing staff to participate in disaster/emergency situations. They also help ensure that faculty and students are familiar with each participant's role. The security department at both Samaritan Hospital and Maria College, where St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing is located, are responsible for conducting fire and lockdown drills at the college/school of nursing. Debriefing after each drill allow identification of areas needing improvements or issues raised during each event. Debriefing forms will be filed at the schools of nursing.

GEOGRAPHY

On-Campus - (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1), that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or retail vendor).

Non-Campus Building Or Property - (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or (2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property - All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The crime statistics do not include crimes that occur in privately owned homes or businesses within or adjacent to the campus boundaries.

CRIME STATISTICS

Definitions

Sex Offenses Definitions

As per the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program:

Sex Offenses Forcible - Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Forcible Rape - The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

Forcible Sodomy - Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object - The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling - The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where

the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sex Offenses - Non-Forcible (Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.)

Incest - Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape - Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Criminal Offense Definitions

Aggravated Assault - An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Arson - Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property, etc.

Burglary - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safe cracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned-including joy riding).

Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence - The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force, violence, and/or causing the victim fear.

Crime Statistics 2022-2024 - * Green column is on-campus property / Yellow column is Public Property

St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing CRIME statistics*			2023		2024		
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sex offenses, forcible (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sex offenses, non-forcible (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Burglary (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ARRESTS	20	22	2 2023		2024		
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REFERRED FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION	20	22	20	023	2024		
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Drug Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Illegal Weapons Possession Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
HATE CRIMES	20	22	20	23	20	24	
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Burglary (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACTS (VAWA)	-	22		023		24	
Domestic violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dating violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ARRESTS	~	22	~	023		24	
Weapons		0 0		0 0		0 0	
Drug abuse violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Liquor law violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DISCIPLINARY ACTTIONS	_					_	
	0	2022		2023		2024	
Weapons	0	0					
Drug abuse violations	U	0	0	0	0	0	

Liquor law violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Samaritan Hospital School of Nsg CRIME statistics*	2022		2023		2024	
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex offenses, forcible (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex offenses, non-forcible (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary (total)	0	0	1	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARRESTS	20		2023		2024	
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
REFERRED FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION	20		2023		2024	
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
HATE CRIMES	20	2022 2023)23	2024	
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary (total)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	2	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACTS (VAWA)	20)23		24
Domestic violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0
	20	-)23		24
ARRESTS	0	0	0	0		
Weapons	-				0	0
Drug abuse violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY ACTTIONS	20)23		24
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0

Drug abuse violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0	0	0	0

There were no hate crimes for 2019, 2020, or 2021 on either the St. Peter's Hospital or the Samaritan campus.

Note: There are no residential facilities for students nor are there any non-campus buildings or property.

Complete report available from http://ope.ed.gov/security/

In Compliance with Title 20 of the US Code Section 1092: The Advisory Committee on Campus Safety is providing you with the campus crime statistics as reported to the United States Department of Education. The United States Department of Education's web site for access to campus crime statistics is http://ope.ed.gov/security.

REPORTING CRIMES PREVENTS CRIMES

If you have been a victim of a crime or are aware of an actual or potential crime, you should report it to one of the following offices:

Security Offices:

Samaritan Hospital:	518-271-3300
Samaritan Hospital, St. Mary's Campus:	518-268-5304
St. Peter's Hospital:	518-525-1522
Maria College Security	518-376-0690

Main Offices:

Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing: 518-268-5130 St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing: 518-525-6850

Student Services Offices:

Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing: 518-268-5137 St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing: 518-525-6858

In Case of Emergency Dial 911(cell phone) or 9-911 (hospital landline)

If you are in the parking lot, activate the nearest Security Alarm button.

REPORTING:

1. St. Peter's Hospital College of Nursing and Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing strongly encourages students to report domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault to institution officials. A bystander acting in good faith or a reporting individual acting in good faith that discloses any incident of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault to institution officials or law enforcement will not be subject to the institution's code of conduct action for violations of alcohol and/or drug use policies occurring at or near the time of the

commission of the domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault. (Please refer to Section 6442 of Article 129-B of New York State Education Law).

At the first instance of disclosure by a reporting individual to an institution representative, the individual must be informed that You have the right to make a report to university police or campus security, local law enforcement, and/or state police or choose not to report; to report the incident to your institution; to be protected by the institution form retaliation for reporting an incident; and to receive assistance and resources from your institution; and to receive counseling and supportive services from the Sexual Assault and Crime Victims Assistance Program with St. Peter's Health Partners.

- 2. Both the respondent and the reporting individual shall be afforded a prompt review, reasonable under the circumstance and shall be allowed to submit evidence in support of his or her request.
- 3. When the respondent is a student, the institution will issue a "no contact" order whereby continued intentional contact with the reporting individual would be a violation of institution policy subject to additional conduct charges. If the respondent and a reporting individual observe each other in a public place, it shall be the responsibility of the respondent to leave the area immediately and without directly contacting the reporting individual.
- 4. When the respondent is a student determined to present a continuing threat to the health and safety of the community, to subject the respondent to interim suspension pending the outcome of a judicial or conduct process.

Student Rights and Responsibilities

Student Responsibility: Upon matriculation, each student becomes a voluntary member of the academic community. Participation in this community is dependent upon the students' understanding not only of their rights and privileges but of their responsibilities as well. Therefore, it is understood that each student accepts the obligations of this relationship.

All students have the right to:

- 1. Make a report to local law enforcement and/or state police
- 2. Have disclosures of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault treated seriously
- 3. Make a decision about whether or not to disclose a crime or violation and participate in the judicial or conduct process and/or criminal justice process free from pressure by the institution.
- 4. Participate in a process that is fair, impartial, and provides adequate notice and a meaningful opportunity to be heard
- 5. Be treated with dignity and receive from the institution courteous, fair, and respectful health care and counseling services, where available

- 6. Be free from any suggestion that the reporting individual is at fault when these crimes and violations are committed, or should have acted in a different manner to avoid such crimes or violations
- 7. Describe the incident to as few institution representatives as practical and not be required to unnecessarily repeat a description of the incident
- 8. Be protected from retaliation by the institution, any student, the accused and/or the respondent, and/or their friends, family and acquaintances with the jurisdiction of the institution
- 9. Access to at least one level of appeal of a determination
- 10. Be accompanied by an advisor of choice who may assist and advise a reporting individual, accused or respondent throughout the judicial or conduct process including during all meetings and hearings related to such process
- 11. Exercise civil rights and practice of religion without interference by the investigative, criminal justice or judicial or conduct process of the institution.

For further information, please refer to Section 6443 of Article 129-B of New York State Education Law.

See the campus safety section at the following link.

Schools of Nursing | St. Peter's Health Partners

PARKING LOT SECURITY

Lock your car when unattended. Park vehicles in designated, well-lit areas. Lock any valuables out of sight. Do not leave your keys in the car. If you are leaving campus alone, call and request a security escort to your vehicle; they are available 24hrs/day, 7 days/week.

NYS SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

Available is a sex offender registry within the NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services. As part of the Registry, the SORA requires the Division of Criminal Justice Services to maintain a Subdirectory of High-Risk (Level 3) Sex Offenders. The Registry also contains information on low-risk (Level 1) and moderate-risk (Level 2) sex offenders. The referenced site provides free public access to the database of Level 3 sexual offenders only. You may however, access information on Level 1 and Level 2 offenders for a fee. To access the New York State Sexual Offender registry go to the following Web address:

http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/nsor/index.htm

VICTIM SUPPORT PROGRAMS

Sexual Assault 24-hour hotline

(518) 271-3257

NYS Domestic and Sexual Violence Hotline

English: 1-800-942-6906 Spanish: 1-800-942-6908

Mental Health Counseling Service

WellConnect Health & Wellness 24-Hour Support for Students 1-866-640-4777 School Code: SPHP-Stu

3 Free Sessions

Well Connect for you.com



National Suicide Prevention Hotline 24/7

1-800-273-8255

SPAN (Statewide Peer Assistance for Nurses) For nurses coping with chemical dependency

1-800-457-7261

NYS Office of Victim Services

1-800-247-8035

Office of Victim Services Home Page | Office of Victim Services

1. Federal Laws

- a) 18 U.S.C. 245 Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 1999 This act prohibits persons from interfering with an individual's Federal right (e.g. voting or employment) by violence or threat of violence due to his or her race, color, religion or national origin. This act allows for more authority for the Federal government to investigate and prosecute hate crime offenders who committed their crime because of perceived sexual orientation, gender, or disability of the victim. It also permits the Federal government to prosecute without having to prove that the victim was attacked because he or she was performing a federally protected activity.
- b) Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 As part of the 1994 Crime Act, the Hate Crimes Sentencing Enhancement Act provides for longer sentences where the offense is determined to be a hate crime. A longer sentence may be imposed if it is proven that a crime against person or property was motivated by "race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, gender, disability or sexual orientation."
- c) 28 U.S.C. 534 Hate Crime Statistics Act of 1990 This act requires the Department of Justice to collect data on hate crimes. Hate crimes are defined as "manifest prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity." These statistics are compiled by the FBI using the Uniform Crime Reporting system. The Crime Act of 1994 also required the FBI to collect data on hate crimes involving disability.
- d) The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 imposes obligations on colleges and universities under its Campus Sexual Violence Ace provision, Section 304. Colleges and universities are required to
 - Report domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking beyond crime categories the Clery Act already mandates;
 - Adopt certain student discipline procedures, such as notifying purported victims of their rights; and
 - Adopt certain institutional policies to address and prevent campus sexual violence, such as to train pertinent institutional personnel in particular respect.

2. New York State Law

- a) Hate Crimes Act of 2000, Penal Law Art. 485 This law enhances criminal penalties for a long list of enumerated crimes when perpetrators intentionally select a target based on the victim's actual or perceived race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation. The law also requires the state to collect, analyze and annually report on data regarding hate crime throughout the state.
- b) N.Y. Civil Rights Law §40-c Prohibits discrimination or harassment based on race, creed, color, national origin, sex or disability. Violation of this provision shall constitute a class A misdemeanor and subjects the perpetrator to a civil action brought by the victim for damages.

- c) N.Y. Penal Law §240.30 Covers aggravated harassment against a person "because of a belief or perception regarding person's race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, sexual orientation, regardless of whether the belief or perception is correct."
- d) N.Y. Penal Law §240.31 Enhances penalty for aggravated harassment.
- e) New York State Article 129 A and B On an annual basis, these academic institutions certify institutional compliance with Article 129 A of the Education Law relating to
- §6430 General provisions
- §6431 Advisory Committee on Campus Security
- §6432 Sexual Assault Prevention Information
- §6433 Campus Crime Reporting and Statistics
- §6434 Investigation of Violent Felony Offenses
- §6435 Appointment of Private College Security Officers
- §6436 Bias-related Crime Prevention Information
- §6437 Prohibition on the Marketing of Credit Cards

Article 129 B requires these academic institutions to implement a uniform prevention and response program, supported by policies and procedures relating to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

APPENDIX A

The following policies are available to all students, staff, and faculty on the Canvas Learning Management System or from Student Services. In addition, safety policies related to St. Peter's Health Partners (SPHP) are available on the SPHP intranet.

#703: Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Education

#708: Bias-related Crime Prevention

#709: Conduct on Campus

#719: Reporting of Crime and Crime Statistics

#723: Emergency Response/Timely Warning, and Evacuation Procedure

#729: Enough is Enough Education Policy

#730: Amnesty Policy for Reporting Code of Conduct Violations

#732: Title IX: Sexual Violence Response Policy